



The Father Speaks

This is the original size of the map of Jerusalem, copied from the Atlanta Journal and Constitution, dated Sunday December 27, 1998, the weekend after Christmas. Seeing it I realized it lined up with the image of the Father's head revealed with in the drawing.

1. **Church of the Flagellation:** The First Station of the Via Dolorosa (Way of Sorrow) is near the monastery where Jesus was questioned by Pilate and then condemned; the chapel, built during the 1920s on the site of a previous building erected by the Crusaders, is now run by the Franciscans.
2. **Armenian Patriarchate:** The Third Station commemorates Christ's first fall on the Via Dolorosa. The place is marked by a small chapel belonging to the Armenian Catholic Patriarchate. It is a 19th-century building renovated and completed by Catholic soldiers of the Free Polish Army during World War II.
3. **Cathedral of St. James:** The Old City's Zion Gate, the jewel of the Armenian Patriarchate of Jerusalem, this cathedral lies just beyond its entry gate. It has been built on the site of the tombs of St. James the Apostle and St. James the brother of the Lord. A magnificent edifice dating from the 12th century with mostly 18th-century decoration because of the renewal work carried out by Patriarch Gregory the Chainbearer (1715-1749), it ranks as one of the most awe-inspiring in all of the Middle East.
4. **St. Veronica's:** Station VI: A church belonging to the Greek Catholics, preserves the memory of the meeting between Jesus and Veronica, whose tomb may also be seen here. The holy relic of this meeting during which, according to tradition, Veronica wiped Christ's face with a silk veil on which his features remained imprinted, has been kept since the eighth century, in the Basilica of St. Peter in Rome.
5. **Church of the Holy Sepulcher:** The holiest site of Christendom: according to Roman Catholic and Greek Orthodox tradition, place of the Crucifixion, death, and Resurrection; site of the last five stations of the Via Dolorosa.
6. **Maronite Church:** The Maronite Church is a Christian community of Syrian of most of whose members live in Lebanon, The Maronite Church has been in for communion with the Roman Catholic Church since 1182, and is the only Easter church that is entirely Catholic.
7. **Anglican Church (Christ Church):** Less historically significant but more atmospheres is Christ Church Hospice, sponsored by the Israel Trust of the Anglican Church Housed in a former school just inside the Old City's Jaffa Gate, the hospice has older architectural features as thick stone walls and arched ceiling.
8. **Church of the Redeemer:** Near the Church of the Holy Sepulcher is the Lutheran Church of the Redeemer. Built by Kaiser Wilhelm II in 1808 the church is distinguished by a bell tower atop a 178-step staircase, which affords a stunning 360-degree of the Old City.